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1. An autostereoscopic display supplying a viewer with a stereoscopic image when viewed from an intended perspective, comprising:
- a pixel array including individual pixels each having subpixel elements, N individual pixels being arranged into an individual pixel groups, wherein N is equal to the number of individual perspective images to be displayed, each said pixel including plural subpixels extending in a horizontal direction from the viewer's intended perspective and forming a part of an individual perspective image;
 - a first lenticular array positioned vertically from the viewer's intended perspective and focussing said subpixels of each said pixel to a single spatial point between said pixel array and the viewer; each said pixel group in the horizontal direction being focussed by a different first lens of said first lenticular array; and
 - a second lenticular array positioned between said first lenticular array and the viewer such that images projected from different pixels of each pixel group are directed to a different location at an intended viewing point, the spacing of the images from each pixel of said pixel groups being separated at the intended viewing position at about the spacing between human eyes to thereby display said plural images stereoscopically.
2. The display of claim 1 where N is two, a first individual perspective being supplied to a left eye position while a second individual perspective is supplied to a right eye position.
3. The display of claim 1 wherein N is greater than two.
4. The display of claim 1 wherein said plural subpixels of each said pixel include a red subpixel, a green subpixel and a blue subpixel.
5. The display of claim 1 wherein said first lenticular array focuses said subpixels to the surface of a lens of said second lenticular array.

1 8. The display of claim 7 wherein said first and second lenticular arrays
2 are formed on the opposed sides of a single optical element.

8 a second lenticular array positioned between the first lenticular array
9 and a viewer such that images projected from first lenses within each first lens
10 group pass through a corresponding one of several lenses within the second
11 lenticular array,

1 10. A display as recited in claim 9, wherein the pitch of the first lenses of
2 said first lenticular array is substantially the same as the pitch of the pixels of
3 said pixel groups.

1 12. A display as recited in claim 9, wherein said pixels are color pixels.

1 13. A display as in claim 12, wherein each of said color pixels comprises a
2 plurality of color components arranged in a first direction, and said first lenses
3 of said first array comprise cylindrical lenses having axes extending
4 perpendicular to said first direction.

1 14. A display as in claim 12, wherein each of said color pixels comprises a
2 plurality of color components arranged in a horizontal direction with respect to
3 the display, and said first lenses of said first array comprise cylindrical lenses
4 having axes extending vertically with respect to the display.

1 15. A display as recited in claim 9, wherein the images simultaneously
2 displayed by different pixels within each of several adjacent pixel groups
3 include different views of a single scene to enable a stereoscopic effect.

1 16. A display as recited in claim 9, wherein each lens within the second
2 lenticular array is offset from a corresponding first lens group within the first
3 lenticular array relative to an axis orthogonal to the first lenticular array, the
4 offset increasing based on a distance from the lens of the second array to a
5 center of the autostereoscopic display.

1 17. A display as recited in claim 9, wherein the first lenticular array is
2 separated from the pixel array by a first predetermined distance and said
3 second lenticular array is separated from the first lenticular array by a second
4 predetermined distance.

1 18. A display as recited in claim 9, wherein the first and second lenticular
2 arrays are retrofit to a display after the display is fabricated.

1 19. A method of displaying multidimensional images on an
2 autostereoscopic display, comprising:
3 generating images using a pixel array including several pixel groups;
4 projecting the images generated by each pixel through a corresponding
5 plurality of first lenses of a first lenticular array, thereby projecting the images
6 through several first lens groups;

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